

## Very Narrow Aisle Forklift

Used Very Narrow Aisle Forklift Riverside - Warehousing solutions often focus on layout and space saving solutions in order to cut down on costly square footage and decrease travel time required to transport goods throughout the warehouse and loading dock areas. Extremely narrow aisles offer more storage space since there is less space needed for aisle access. Configuring the warehouse is known as warehouse optimization. Warehouse Optimization Implementing very narrow aisle warehouse optimization is a huge benefit of warehouse optimization. One of the most important benefits is the increased storage space. Using narrow forklift trucks instead of traditional forklifts can enable the warehouse width of the aisles can be lessened to half. Certain models of very narrow aisle forklifts can increase the square foot storage capabilities by delivering greater stacking heights. Very narrow aisle forklifts can greatly reduce costs compared to traditional forklifts since the same amount of stock takes up less space in the warehouse. Most urban locations have expensive square footage; therefore, reducing costs is a benefit to warehouses and their business. When planned carefully and properly, it is possible to increase warehouse storage area by up to 80 percent by implementing a very narrow aisle width configuration. In addition, a very narrow aisle layout allows for more rack faces as well as better access to products. Reduced travel time for storing items and gathering products are some of the key benefits to this warehouse layout as more products are found in an accessible location. Warehouse layouts usually utilize a narrow aisle or very narrow aisle plan. Narrow aisles are measured as those that use fewer than eleven feet of aisle width. Very narrow aisles reduce the aisle width further to around six-and-a-half feet. Storage options are greatly increased with these aisle width options. Standard forklifts can have issues with turning in these aisle widths. These challenges are met by using very narrow forklifts to gain access and complete tasks. When selecting a forklift for a job application, it is essential to know the aisle dimensions. Taking note of the proper dimensions will save valuable time and money by avoiding the mistake of acquiring a forklift that will not work in the intended application. Finally, it is critical that any utilities, posts or columns are taken into account before settling on a specific narrow aisle forklift design as these may affect access to aisles by some forklifts or prevent warehouse optimization.

**Very Narrow Aisle Forklift Trucks** As these units are mostly powered by electricity, rechargeable batteries are popular for very narrow aisle forklifts. Very narrow aisle forklift trucks are popular as stand-up riders to help increase operator comfort and productivity. There are different very narrow aisle forklift designs such as order pickers, reach trucks, wing-mast or turret and end-control riders.

**Reach Forklift Trucks** Developed as a kind of rider stacker forklift, the reach forklift trucks can be configured for narrow aisle locations. The reach trucks developed their name from their forward-reaching actions to get a load. The two kinds of reach trucks the moving carriage and the moving mast. The moving carriage works by raising and lowering the carriage, along with the operator. While the operator stays at ground level, the moving mast is responsible for raising and lowering the forks. Of the two kinds of reach trucks, the moving mast reach truck is the safer of the two varieties. These machines rely on a kind of jointed framework known as a pantograph system that enables the operator to place a load or reach the load without moving the machine.

**Order Pickers** Order pickers have been designed and developed specifically for use in picking orders from high, typically hard-to-reach racks. Order pickers are specific for lighter stock items that can be lifted by hand. Order pickers elevate the operator to the level of goods to pick and identify particular items required for filling an order.

**End-Control Riders** End-control riders are used to pick loads located at floor level and transport the load horizontally, rather than lift or lower loads from various heights.

**Turret or Swing-Mast Forklift** Turret or swing-mast very narrow aisle forklift have a pivoting articulating swivel mast. The mast swivels allowing pallets to be placed on either the left or right of the forklift.

**Guided Very Narrow Aisle Trucks** Very narrow aisle forklift trucks can be guided by rail or wire down the aisles. Thanks to the guide rails, the possibility of crashing into racks is greatly reduced. In rail-guided models, sets of rails are

placed into the floor on each side of the aisle. They run the length of the aisle and also curve around the aisles' edge. Wheel guides on the forklift slide into the floor rails to stop the machine from traveling out of bounds. Running down the center of the aisle, wire-guidance forklifts rely on floor wires instead of rails. Narrow aisle forklifts rely on a wire-guide system to help it communicate with the floor wires. This allows the machine to be steered by the wires, stopping it from traveling outside of the specific location.

**Work Site Considerations** To use a narrow aisle configuration, there are some key considerations that need to be made. The narrow aisle units feature tall racking systems. The floor construction and the racks need to be carefully taken into account for everyone's safety. There are four areas which must be meticulously prepared before setting up a racking system and must be continuously monitored and maintained throughout the operation of the warehousing system:

1. The floor must be level;
2. Cracks must be repaired;
3. Load capacity of floor must be appropriate; and
4. The racks must be plumb.

**Level Floor** Due to the racking system height, any minor floor slope can gravely impact how plumb the racks are, particularly over time if loads are placed and removed repeatedly on the racks. The height of the racking system means that any minute floor slope can have a negative impact on how straight the racks are, especially over time when loads are continually removed and placed on the racks. A level floor is vital for the safety and integrity of the operator, employees, stock and the warehouse.

**Crack Repair** Cracks in the floor ideally should be fixed once they are noticed to ensure everyone's safety. The level of the floor can become unstable with cracks when they are only 3/8 inches wide. They will need to be filled properly with material as hard as the rest of the floor.

**Floor Load Capacity** Minimum flooring requirements must be met before considering a narrow aisle installation. The floor should have three thousand psi concrete minimum and contain evenly distributed rebar at three to four inches under the surface. Depending on the configuration and load requirements, extra reinforcements may be necessary.

**Plumb Racks** Installing the racks safely and correctly is vital for the entire system. If installed improperly, there is a great chance of rack failure. All racks need to be plumb and this is one of the most vital aspects of correct installation. If necessary, rack shims should be used to ensure the racks are plumb within 1 inch at the 30 foot height of the racks. Dangerous racking failure can occur if the above steps are not taken. Such failure is likely to result in costly damage to goods, the warehouse facility, forklifts and, worst of all, employees could be significantly injured or even killed. These measurements are vital to the success of installing a safe and productive narrow aisle configuration.